### SuperCDMS Update

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### Multiple test facilities, channels, and R&D programs provide science leading to SuperCDMS SNOLAB



### Multi-pronged approach: Test facility data, SNOLAB readiness



## Recent & upcoming SuperCDMS publications

- HVeV Run 3 @NEXUS: <u>arxiv:2407.08085</u>
  - Multiple HVeVs operated underground in same housing, with anticoincidence event selection
  - ERDM, dark photon, ALP limits
- HVeV Run 4 @NEXUS: in final stages of collaboration review
  - Re-designed detector holder eliminated luminescence background from PCBs
- HVeV Si detector calibration using Compton steps: in final stages of collaboration review
  - Energy signatures at ~100eV E<sub>ee</sub> (L shell steps), ~2keV E<sub>ee</sub> (K shell step)



### 50 V <sup>133</sup>Ba energy spectrum for Ge Spectrum 302 keV 356 keV 5000 276 keV CUTE: Performed first tests of a Tower in 4000 Counts/ bin very low-background environment 3000 ns Work 384 keV 2000 HV Tower payload: 4 Ge, 2 Si detectors Winter 2023/24 1000 Analyses underway: 0.0 Noise modelling & background rates 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5 Pulse integral (a.u.) Phonon signal amplification 0 V energy spectrum for Ge 50 V energy spectrum for Ge $10^{-1}$ $10^{-1}$ Detector calibration K shell Spectrum No fiducial cut L shell K shell Sensitivity estimation L shell Spectrum $10^{-2}$ $10^{-2}$ Potential DM search VV LED M shell Event rate (a.u.) 10<sup>-3</sup> $\times$ × LED Event rate (a.u.) $10^{-3}$ $10^{-4}$ $10^{-5}$ $10^{-6}$ $10^{-5}$ 100 $10^{1}$ 2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0 12.5 15.0 Energy (keV) Energy (keV)

## CUTE: Performed HVeV Run 5, to investigate low-energy excess in low-background environment

- Spring/summer 2024
- Take advantage of excellent resolution of Si HVeV to investigate:
  - Ionization yield, using data at various voltage biases
  - Rate and spectrum shape change with time and temperature, for different detector masks
  - Detector response to Ba source events







### SuperCDMS SNOLAB "Installation & Integration" progress over the past year has been impressive

- Pre-assembly of cans performed at SLAC (Feb 2024)
- All towers shipped to SNOLAB, acceptance testing performed (Feb 2024)
- Mu-metal shield base installed (Apr 2024)
- All chambers & stems received at SNOLAB, OVC & C-stem installed (Jan 2025)
- Inner chambers assembled and ready for tower integration (Jan 2025)



# SuperCDMS SNOLAB "Installation & Integration" forecast for Aug completion, to be followed by Commissioning

- Next few months:
  - Completion of etching & passivation
  - Completion of dilution fridge system test
  - Installation of towers & lids in inner cans
  - Completion of E-tank & long readout cables installation
  - Completion of shield wall & purge
  - Installation & alignment of cryostat C-stems & E-stems
  - Installation of 50K cooler
  - Finalization of readout electronics readiness
- Final steps: installation & testing of calibration system, installation of water tanks, completion of shield
- Start of cooldown for science running: projected for June



### Commissioning includes plans to configure, characterize, tune, and calibrate detector payloads

Pre-commissioning (in parallel with I&I):

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- Update of DAQ, data-quality, monitoring, and alarm/alert systems
- Installation of warm sensors & noise filter boards
- Planning of installation of ice-tank chilled water backup
- Analysis readiness (processing workflow, data validation & cleaning, blinding strategy, stats tools, etc.)
- Commissioning will begin after I&I initiates cooldown

2025	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan
Subsystem pre-commissioning												
Experiment cooldown												
Experiment commissioning												
Configure detectors												
Characterize and tune detectors												
Study noise, set voltages, set trigger levels												
Establish initial calibration, further tuning												
Stability testing; Assess readiness for science run												