The SuperNEMO double-beta-decay experiment

Emmanuel Chauveau on behalf of SuperNEMO collaboration

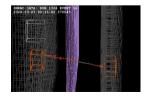
24th International Workshop on Next Generation Nucleon Decay and Neutrino Detectors

Place des Arts, Downtown Sudbury - October 2nd, 2025









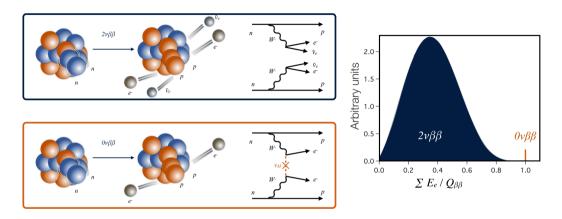
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- Introduction on $0\nu\beta\beta$ physics and SuperNEMO
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- Physics goal of SuperNEMO demonstrator

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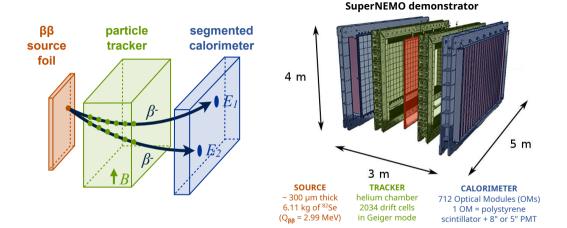
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Neutrinoless double beta research



- \blacksquare $0\nu\beta\beta$ search to probe Majorana neutrino and absolute mass scale of neutrinos
- \blacksquare Signature of 0
 uetaeta is 2 electrons with summed energy = Q_{etaeta}
- \blacksquare $T_{1/2}^{0
 u}>10^{26}$ years ightarrow ultra low background experiment required

Neutrinoless double beta research with SuperNEMO demonstrator

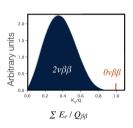


■ SuperNEMO approach = thin $\beta\beta$ source foil + tracker + segmented calorimeter

What makes NEMO super?

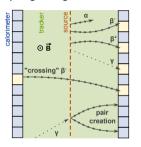
ALL ββ EXPERIMENTS

Total Energy



ONLY SUPERNEMO

Topological signature of events



Full kinematic of ββ events

Individual electron energy Angular correlation Total electron energy



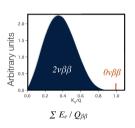
- Excellent background rejection
- Background measurement
- Usage of any solid isotope

- $\blacksquare \beta\beta$ kinematics: electron's individual energy + angular correlation
- Investigate models of new physics for $0\nu\beta\beta$ mechanisms
- Detailed study of $2\nu\beta\beta$, excited states, g_A quenching, etc.

What makes NEMO super?

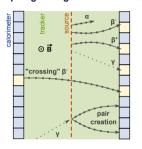
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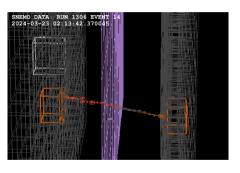
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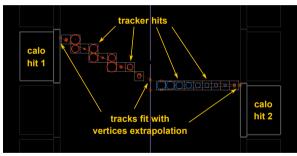
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- \blacksquare Investigate models of new physics for $0\nu\beta\beta$ mechanisms
- Detailed study of $2\nu\beta\beta$, excited states, g_A quenching, etc.

NB: What makes NEMO *not* super ? low $\beta\beta$ mass, low $0\nu\beta\beta$ efficiency (\leq 20% @ ROI), moderate energy resolution ... to be fair !

Example of $\beta\beta$ event

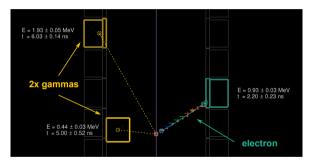
Measured 2-track event (March 2024)



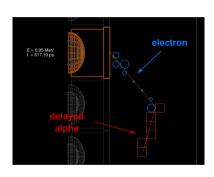


side view top view

Example of background events



²⁰⁸Tl in source foil (top view)



BiPo cascade from Rn

The SuperNEMO collaboration



















































Plus contributions from Russian colleagues (Russian institutions no longer members)

SuperNEMO demonstrator currently in LSM



SuperNEMO status

- Construction of a demonstrator module completed in LSM
- \blacksquare $\beta\beta$ running since 2025 April 10th

Demonstrator main purposes

- **■** Technology demonstration
- only way to study $0\nu\beta\beta$ mechanism (APPEC 2019 recommendation)
- which scaling of full SuperNEMO will be required to confirm a hypothetical future signal by another experiment?
- Competitive physics results
- $0\nu\beta\beta$ search in multiple modes
- nuclear physics of $2\nu\beta\beta$
- search for BSM $2\nu\beta\beta$ decays

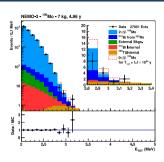
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SuperNEMO = **Successor** of **NEMO**-3



NEMO-3 (2003-2011 at LSM)



0vββ search with NEMO-3 [Phys. Rev. D89, 111101 (2014)]

- NEMO-3 still has 20 world's-best $0\nu\beta\beta$ and $2\nu\beta\beta$ results [PDG 2025]
- 0 background event above $0\nu\beta\beta$ region (with 7 kg × 5 years of 100 Mo)
- \blacksquare SuperNEMO improves NEMO-3 design for next-generation sensitivities: initial goal = $T_{1/2}^{0\nu}>10^{26}$ year with 100 kg of 82 Se (NEMO-3: $T_{1/2}^{0\nu}>1.1\times10^{24}$ year)

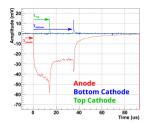
Technology demonstrator: source foil radiopurity

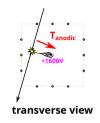


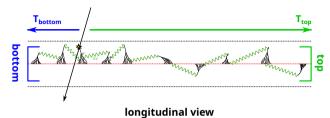


- 6.11 kg of ⁸²Se (96-99 % enriched) over 34 source foils
- lacksquare Radiopurity goal: A(208 TI) $< 2~\mu$ Bq/kg and A(214 Bi) $< 10~\mu$ Bq/kg
- Tested different powder-production, purification technique and foil geometries
- Final validation of technique(s) can be done only by the analysis of SuperNEMO data...
- Enrichment possibility demonstrated for ⁹⁶Zr* (attempts with ¹⁵⁰Nd* too)
 - * in terms of $m_{\beta\beta}$ sensitivity, 1 ton of $^{76}{\rm Ge}$ would be equivalent to 74 kg (145 kg) of $^{150}{\rm Nd}$ ($^{96}{\rm Zr}$)

Technology demonstrator: tracker operation



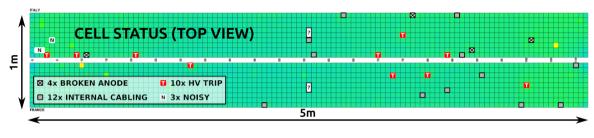






- 2034 drift cells (14970 wires) operating in Geiger regime
- Improved geometry: larger and taller cells (more transparent) with same performances as NEMO-3
- lacktriangle Gas-mixture optimisation: 95.5% He + 3.5% ethanol + 1% Argon

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- 98.4 % of cells operational

Technology demonstrator: calorimeter performance

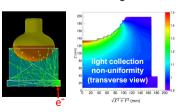
- 712 plastic scintillator coupled to 8" PMTs (×440) and 5" PMTs (×272)
- Target energy resolution 8% FWHM/ \sqrt{E} (was 14 % in NEMO-3)
- Time resolution measured to 250 ps for 1 MeV electrons
- Spectral modeling with optical simulation (energy non-linearity and photoelectron collection non-uniformity in scintillators)
- 97.4% of calorimeter channels operational



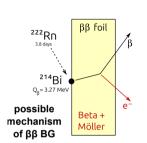


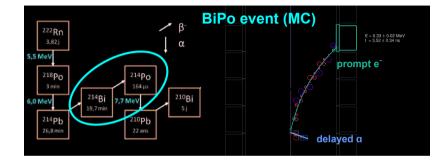


Optical simulations of scintillation light



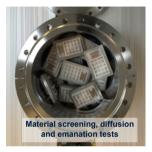
Technology demonstrator: radon contamination level





- Emanation/diffusion of ²²²Rn can introduce continuous deposit of ²¹⁴Bi on source foils
- ²²²Rn background level measured/monitored through dedicated channel ("BiPo")
- Strategies: material selection, tracker sealing, gas purification, anti-radon tent, LSM radon-free air facility
- SuperNEMO target $< 150 \text{ uBq/m}^3$ ($\approx 20 \text{ mBq/m}^3$ measured **without** radon trap and radon-free air)

Technology demonstrator: radon contamination level

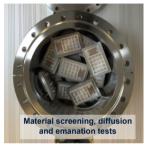




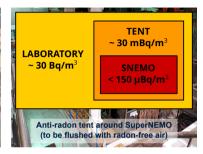


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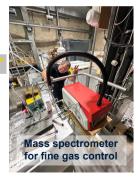
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Technology demonstrator: helium recycling system

- Motivated by: high He prices*, environmental concerns (finite He supply), scalability to large system
 * SuperNEMO consumption range 7-30 m³/day ⇒ 0.3-1.2 keuros/day without recycling
- Home made system: ethanol condensation \rightarrow gas control with mass spectrometer \rightarrow temporary balloon storage \rightarrow compression \rightarrow 200-bars storage \rightarrow re-mixing with fresh gas

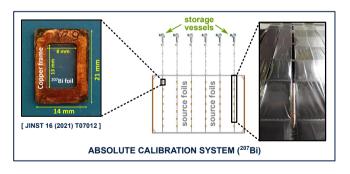


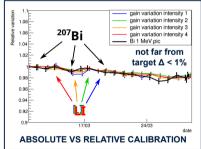




Technology demonstrator: calibration systems

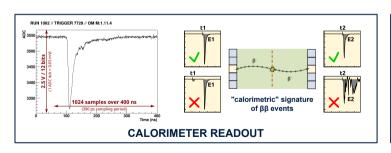
- $lue{}$ Absolute calibration (\sim weekly): automated deployment system with 42x 207 Bi calibration sources
- lacktriangle Relative calibration (\sim daily): Light Injection system (LI) = flashing LEDs + optical fibers

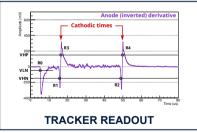




Technology demonstrator: novel electronics

- Calorimeter (712 channels): PMT waveform digitisation using 52x Wavecatcher boards
- Tracker (6102 channels): reconstruct cathode activation time from anode signal (-33% channels)
- lacktriangle Trigger: live pattern recognition to record only useful data (electron, delayed lpha identification)

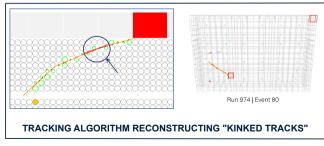




Technology demonstrator: new software

- Falaise = main software for simulation, reconstruction and analysis of SuperNEMO data https://github.com/SuperNEMO-DBD/Falaise
- Falaise based on generic library Bayeux providing a coherent framework for any HEP data analysis https://github.com/BxCppDev/Bayeux
- new tracking (Legendre transform + polyline fit) recently developed to enhance signal efficiency

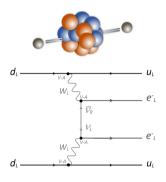


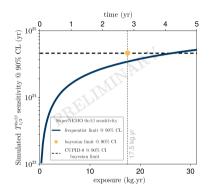


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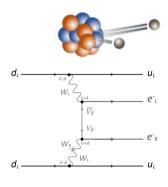
$0\nu\beta\beta$ with light neutrino exchange (V-A current)

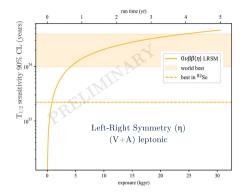




- V-A current: model assumed by most experiments
- Expected background index in ROI = 2.7 x 10⁻⁴ event/kev/kg/year → can reach best limit with sufficient runtime

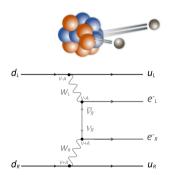
$0\nu\beta\beta$ with light neutrino exchange (V+A current)

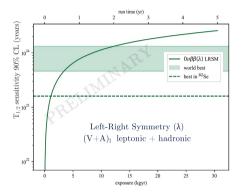




- Letonic (η) and leptonic+hadronic (λ) V+A gives one electron with right-handed helicity: V+A favors **asymmetric** electron energies with **small angle** (while V-A favors **similar** energies and **back-to back**) \rightarrow only SuperNEMO can identify both of these differences
- World's best limits reached within few months (82Se) or in 2–4 years (all isotopes)

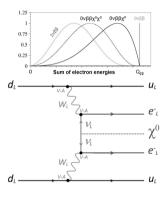
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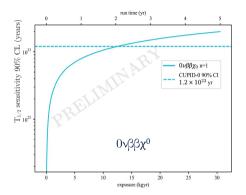




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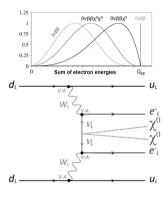
$0\nu\beta\beta$ with Majoron(s) emission

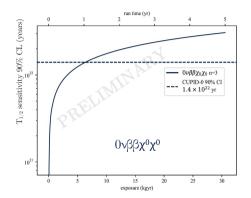




- Some $0\nu\beta\beta$ theories involves emission of one, or more, Majorons (Goldstone bosons χ^0)
- SuperNEMO expect to surpass 82 Se world's best limits in ≈ 2 years $(0\nu\beta\beta\chi^0)$ and ≈ 1 year $(0\nu\beta\beta\chi^0\chi^0)$

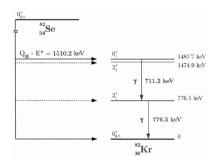
$0\nu\beta\beta$ with Majoron(s) emission

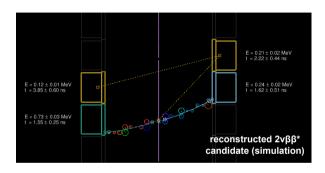




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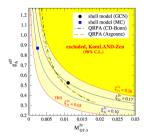
$\beta\beta$ decay to excited states



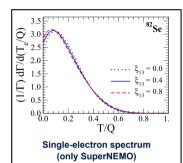


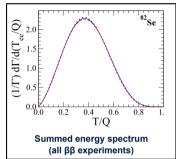
- Unique ability to see each individual electron and to perform gamma tracking
- Preliminary study: demonstrator can surpass world's best limit for $2\nu\beta\beta$ to 2^+_2 state of 82 Kr with a sensitivity on half-life of 1.9×10^{22} years (90% CL) for a 17.5 kg.y exposure

$2\nu\beta\beta$ vectoriel axial coupling constant g_A



 g_A constraint with ξ_{31} parameter [Phys. Rev. Lett. 122, 192501 (2019)]





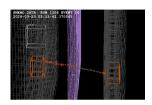
- (Mis)knowledge of g_A impacts interpretation of $m_{\beta\beta}$: $(T_{1/2}^{0\nu})^{-1} = g_A^4 G^{0\nu} |M^{0\nu}| |m_{\beta\beta}|^2$
- Shape of $2\nu\beta\beta$ spectrum can be used to constraint quenching of g_A [Phys. Rev. C 97, 034315 (2018)]
- Effect is stronger in individual energy spectrum, and only SuperNEMO can see this!
- Sensitivity will depend on background level at low energy and energy scale systematics (under estimation) \Rightarrow SuperNEMO demonstrator will record $\approx 35 \text{k} \ 2\nu\beta\beta/\text{year}$

Summary









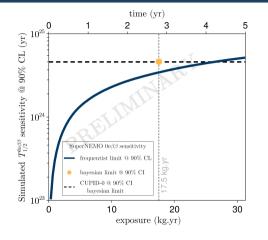
- SuperNEMO demonstrator is running after almost 20 years of R&D, construction and commissioning
- Expected leading results on wide range of $\beta\beta$ processes:
 - $-0\nu\beta\beta$ V+A, $0\nu\beta\beta\chi^0$, $0\nu\beta\beta\chi^0\chi^0$
 - -2
 uetaeta detailed nuclear structure insights: NME and g_A
 - other BSM process searches: massive sterile neutrino, bosonic neutrinos, Lorentz violation, ...
- lacktriangle Key technology to understand a possible future 0
 uetaeta signal

Thanks a lot for listening ... and see you may be inside above LSM?



Backup slides

$0\nu\beta\beta$ background budget of SuperNEMO demonstrator



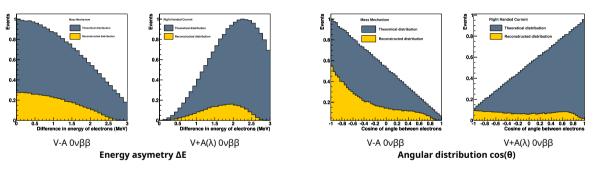
| Background | Events for 17.5 kg.year |
|-------------------|-------------------------|
| 2νββ | 0.98 ± 0.13 |
| ²⁰⁸ TI | 0.04 ± 0.01 |
| ²¹⁴ Bi | 0.09 ± 0.01 |
| radon | 0.23 ± 0.04 |
| neutrons | 0.60 ± 0.30 |
| total | 1.9 ± 0.4 |

| 0νββ efficiency | 16.5 % |
|-----------------|--------|
|-----------------|--------|

in ROI = [2.7-3.1] MeV

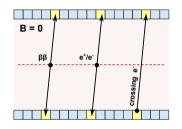
■ Expected background index in ROI = 2.7×10^{-4} event/kev/kg/year (NEMO-3 100 Mo: 10^{-3} event/kev/kg/year)

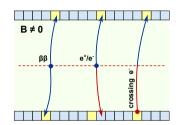
$0\nu\beta\beta$ V-A vs V+A kinematics



Eur. Phys. J. C 70, 927-943 (2010)

Magnetic field or not?





- Magnetic coil as an optional extra protection to neutron background pros: particle's charge identification for extra background rejection cons: reduce also detection/reconstruction efficiency on $\beta\beta$ signal
- Turning ON is irreversible (magnetisation of demonstrator's metals)
- Balanced decision to be taken depending of neutron background level

