

May 25, 2026

# The HALO Supernova Neutrino Detector

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For the HALO Collaboration



# HALO – The Helium And Lead Observatory

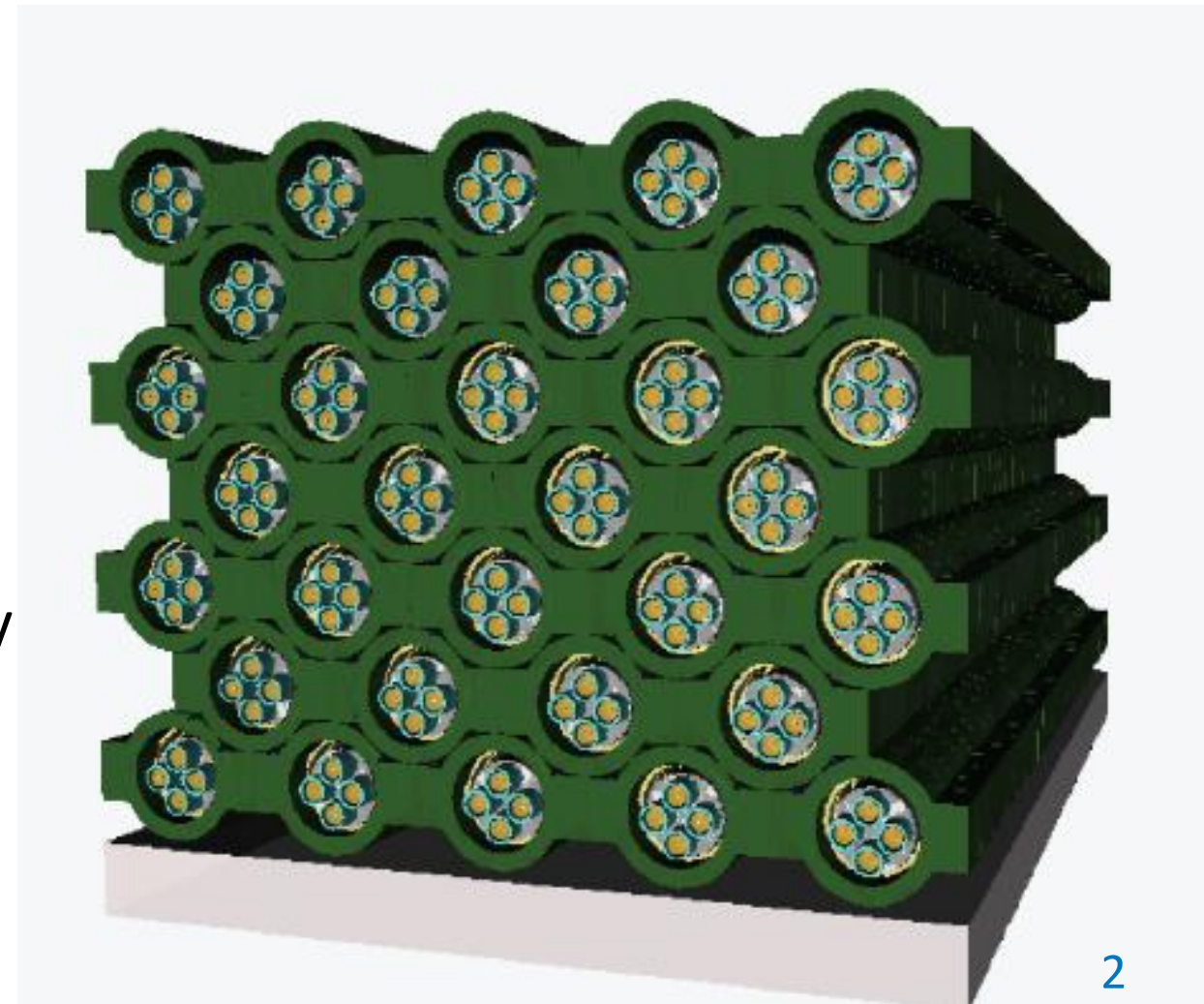
A “SN detector of opportunity” / An evolution of LAND – the Lead Astronomical Neutrino Detector,

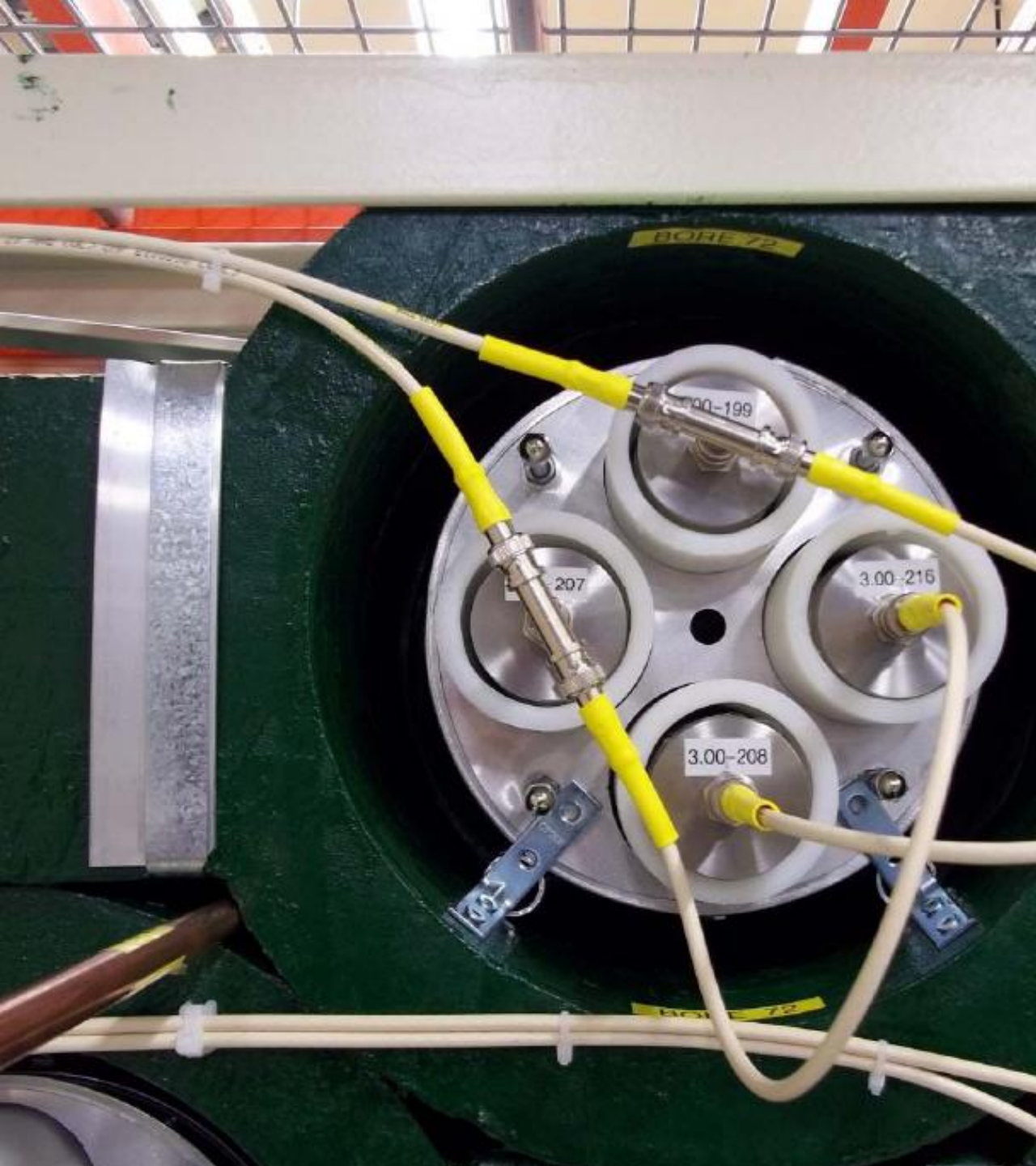
*C.K. Hargrove et al., Astropart. Phys. 5 183, 1996.*

**Helium** – availability of  $^3\text{He}$  neutron detectors from the final phase of SNO

**Lead** – high  $\nu$ -Pb cross-sections, low n-capture cross-sections, complementary sensitivity to water Cerenkov and liquid scintillator SN detectors, available from decommissioned cosmic-ray station

*Review: E. Caden et al. Canadian Journal of Physics. 103(8): 763-774*





# HALO Neutrino Detection



Neutrinos interact on lead,  
producing neutrons

- 1 or 2 with energy thresholds

Neutrons thermalize

Neutrons capture on  $^3\text{He}$

- $\tau \sim 200 \text{ us}$

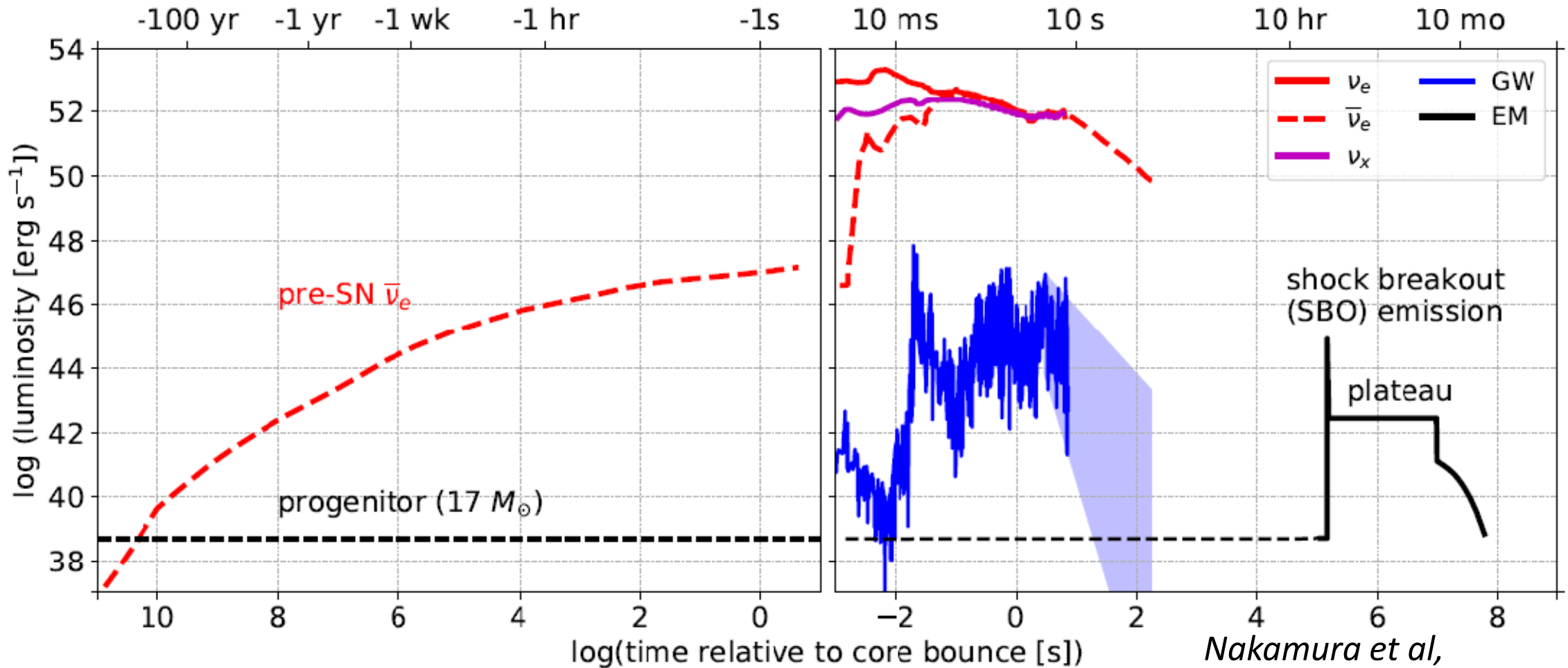
Neutron counting only

No prompt signal

15 mHz background neutrons

- 1/minute

# Multi-Messenger Astronomy with Supernovae

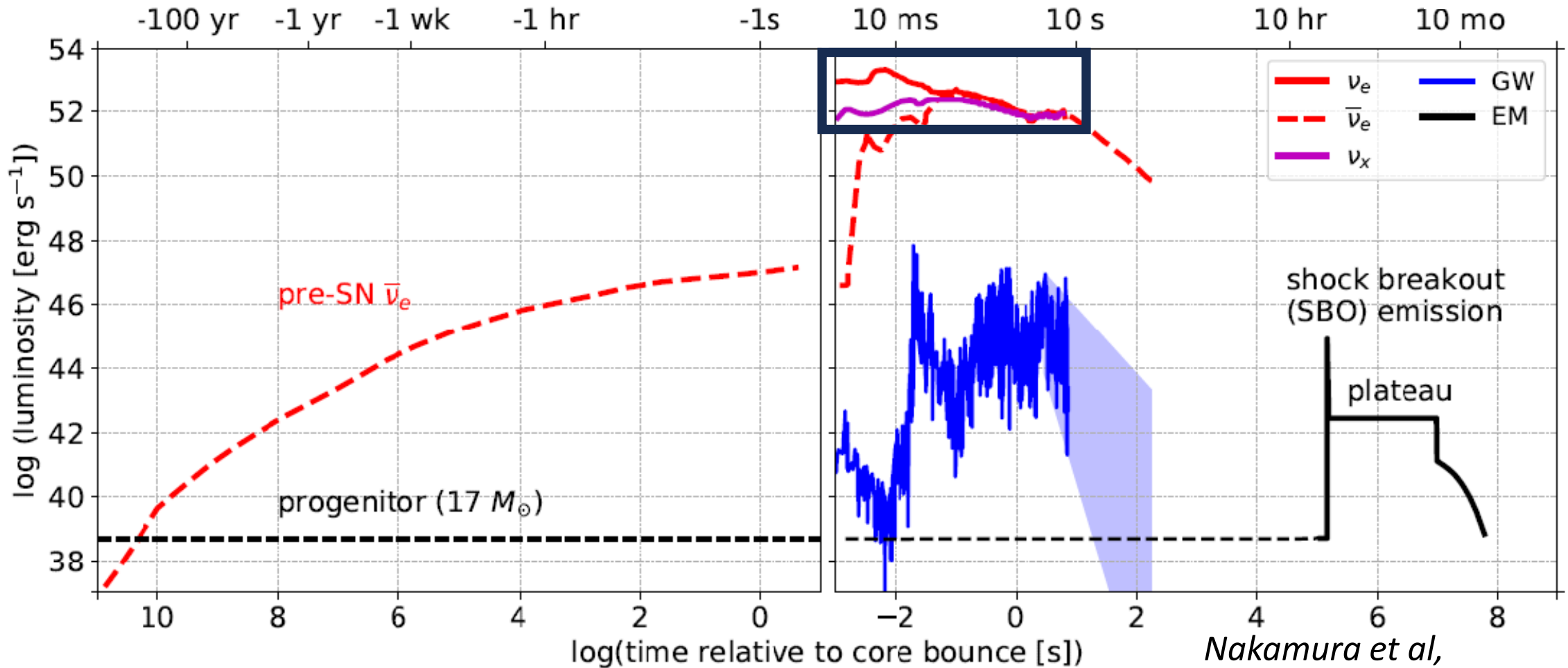


*Nakamura et al,*  
*MNRAS 161, 3296 (2016)*

Galactic Supernova Rate is  $1.6 \pm 0.5$  per Century

*Rozwadowska, Vissani, & Cappellaro, New. Astron. 83, 101498 (2020)*

# Multi-Messenger Astronomy with Supernovae

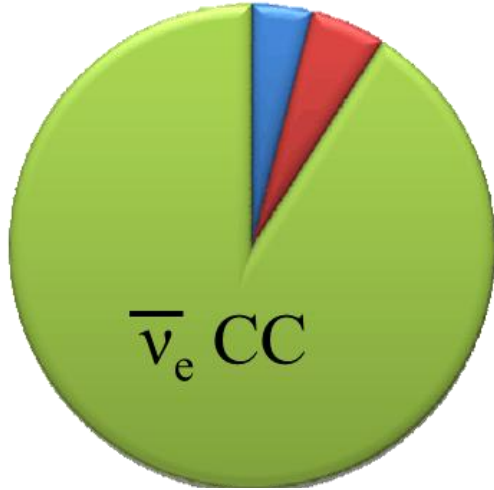


*Nakamura et al,  
MNRAS 161, 3296 (2016)*

**Galactic Supernova Rate is  $1.6 \pm 0.5$  per Century**

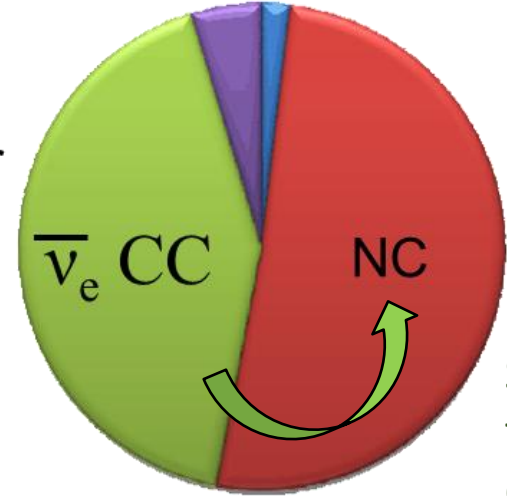
*Rozwadowska, Vissani, & Cappellaro, New. Astron. 83, 101498 (2020)*

# Flavour Complementarity



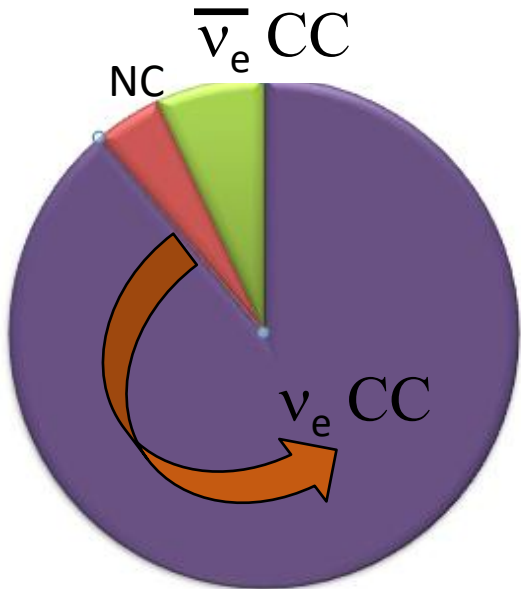
Water Cherenkov (w/o Gd)

Liquid Scintillator

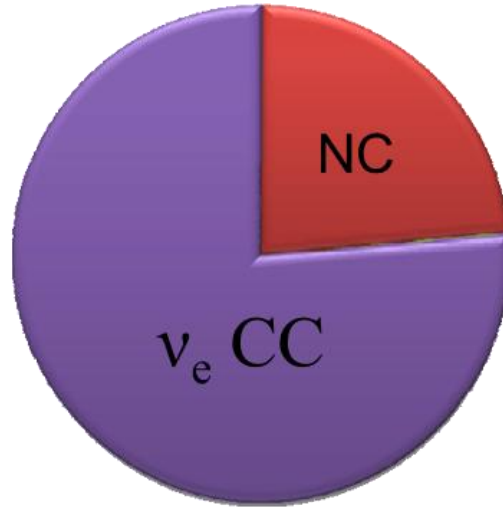


Strong threshold dependence

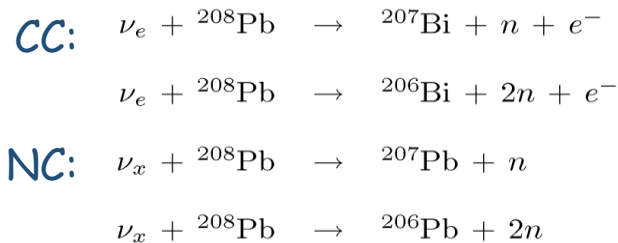
Low thresholds see NC coherent scattering



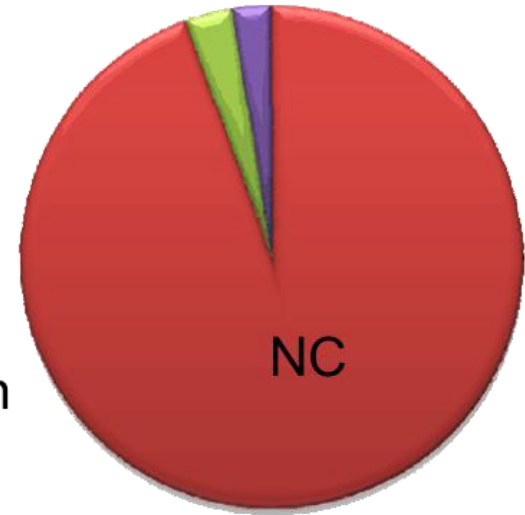
Liquid Argon



Lead



Iron





# HALO Details



Re-using SNO's "NCD"  $^3\text{He}$  proportional counters

5 cm diameter x 3m and 2.5m in length, ultra-pure CVD Ni tube (600 micron wall thickness)

2.5 atm (85%  $^3\text{He}$ , 15%  $\text{CF}_4$ , by pressure)

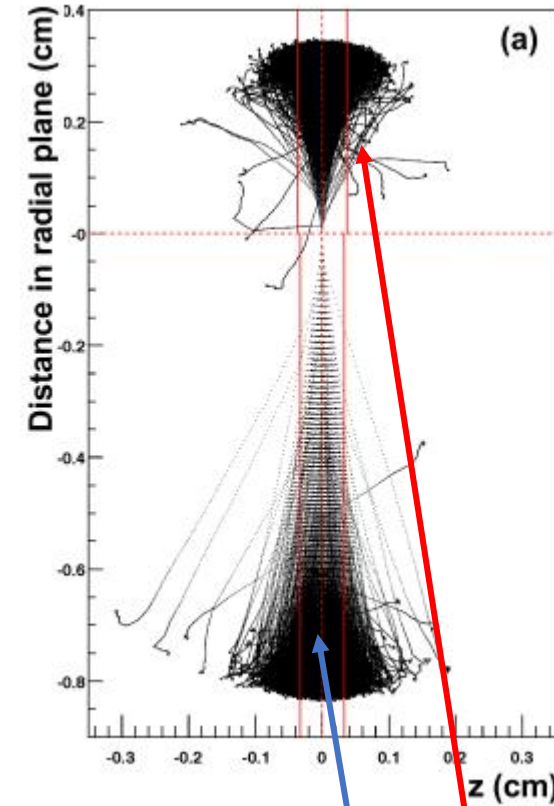
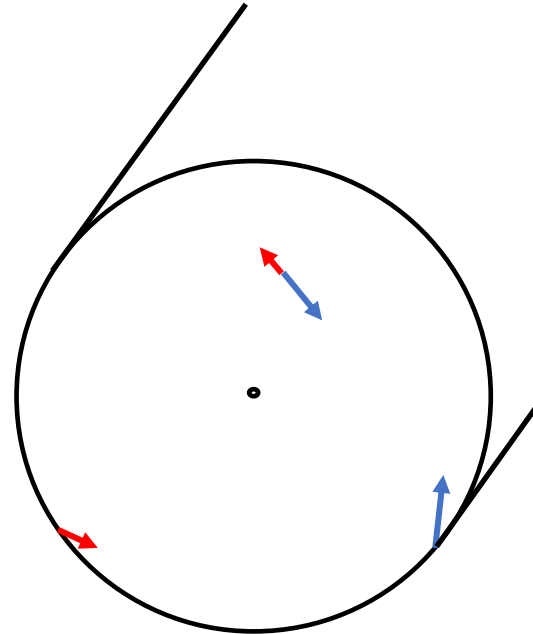
Four detectors with HDPE moderator tubes in each of 32 columns of lead rings

128 counters (368 m) paired for 64 channels of readout

Roughly 12" of water as reflector/shielding around sides

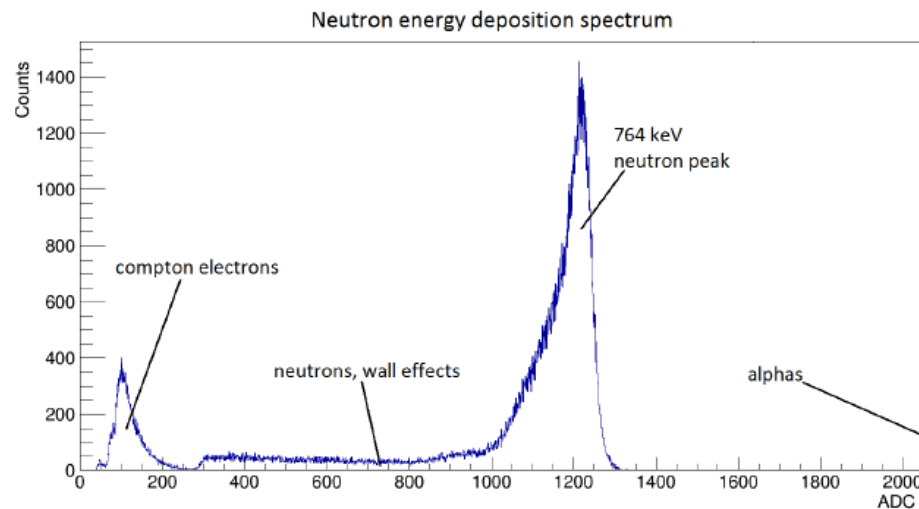
79 tonnes of lead

# $^3\text{He}$ Proportional Tubes



191 keV  
= 300 ADC

573 keV  
= 900 ADC



# Electronics

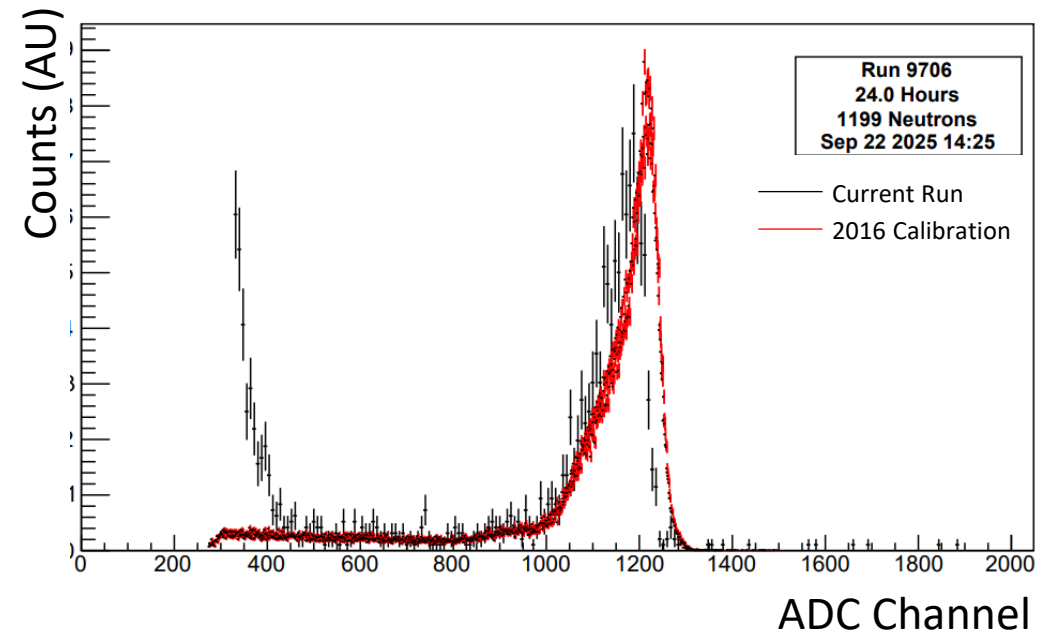


## Simple + Stable Readout:

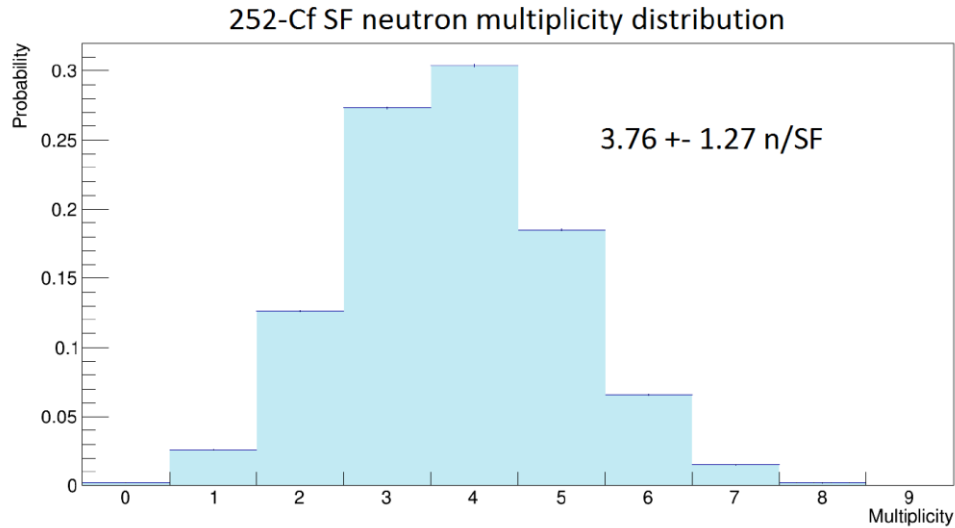
- AC Coupled pre-amplifiers on each channel
- ~2kV HV tuned to put peak at 1200 ADC counts
- Discriminators set to detect 5 Hz of beta/gamma events total
- Electronic calibration pulses injected at pre-amplifier on each channel every 4-8 hours

## Highly redundant system:

- 2 DAQ machines trade off every 3 days (hot spare)
- Separate HV + ADCs for right and left halves
- Robust email alerts
- Monitoring shifts require 10 minutes/day
- 95% of issues can be resolved remotely

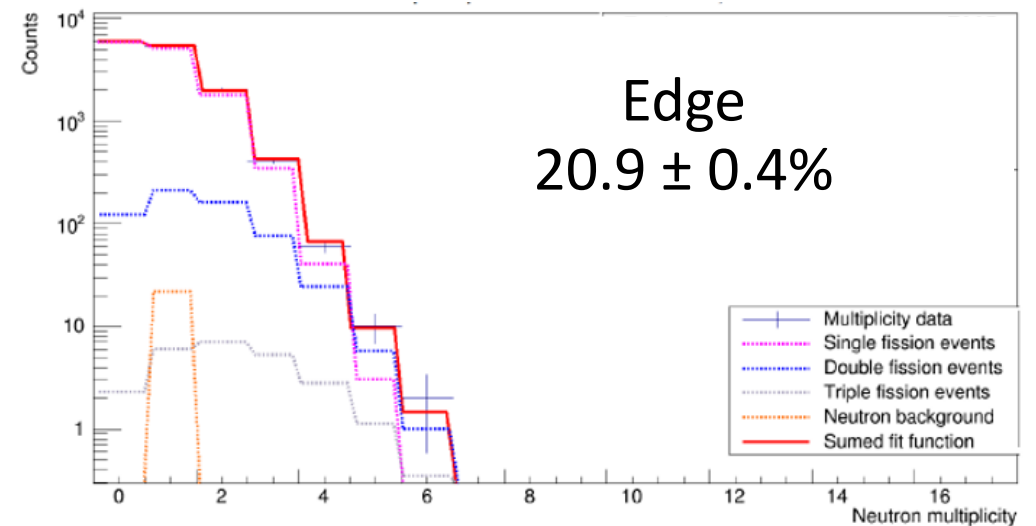
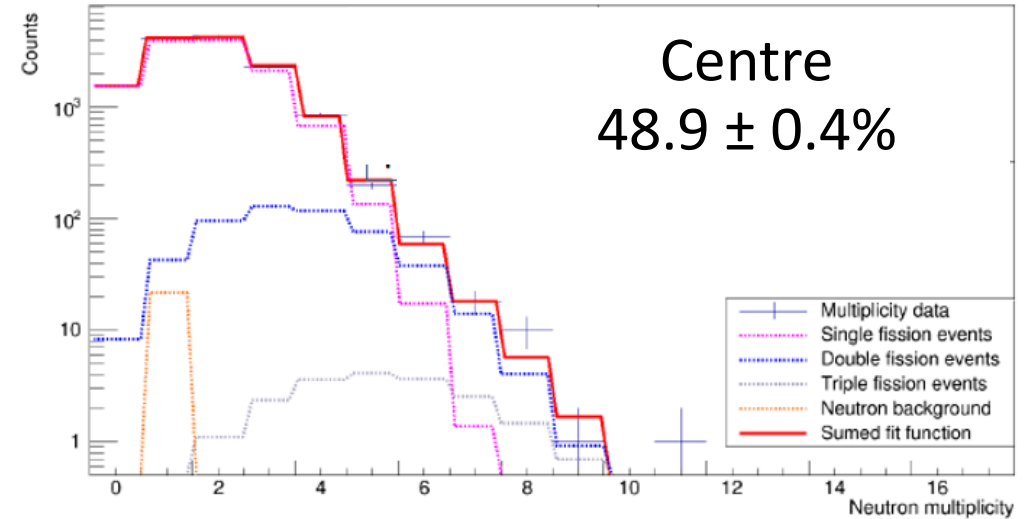


# Calibration Method

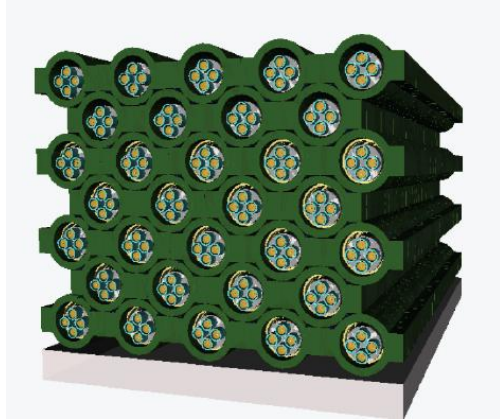


Use distortion of multiplicity distribution to fit efficiency

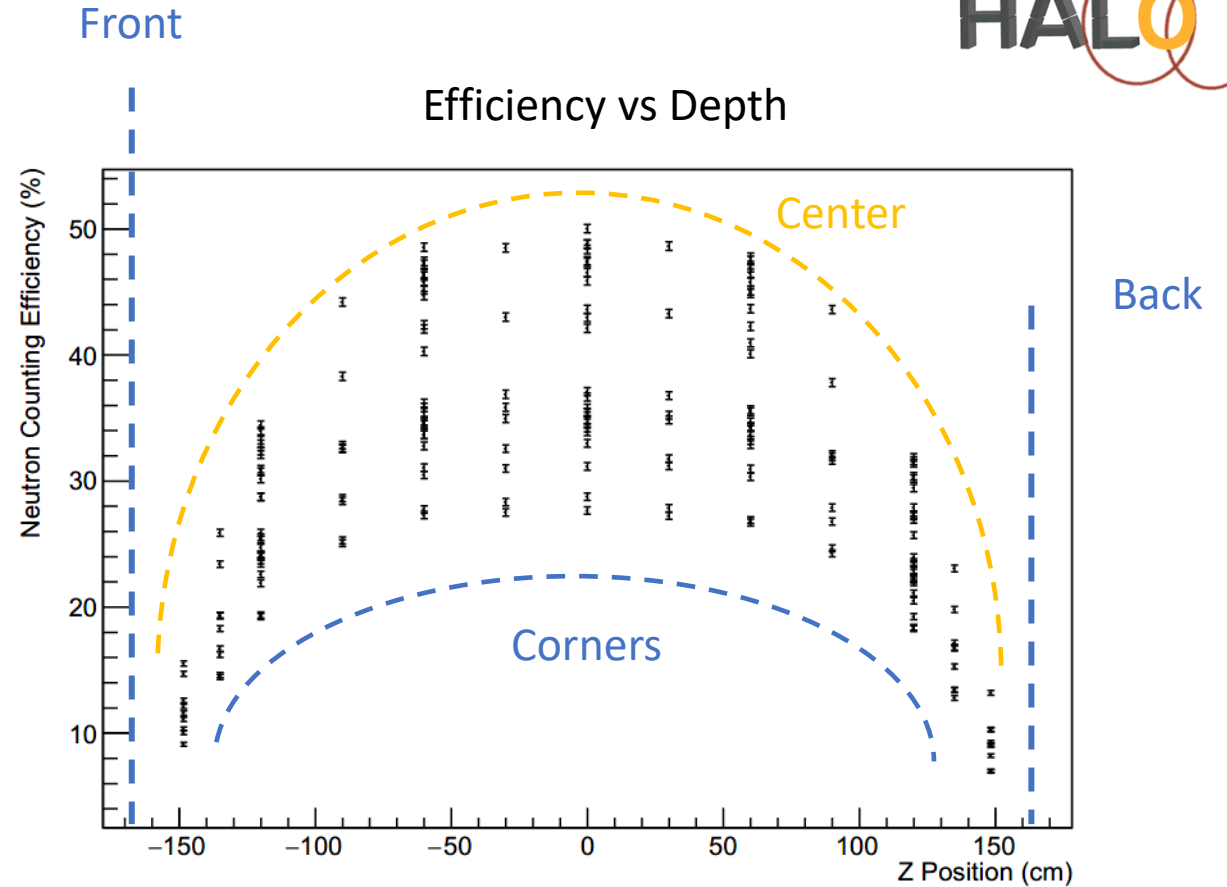
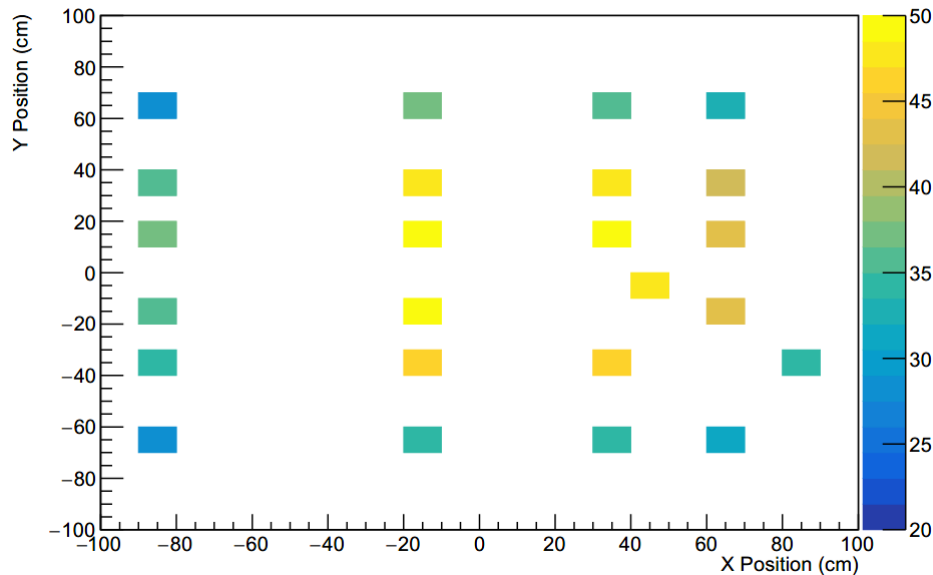
- 20 Bq  $^{252}\text{Cf}$  /  $^{250}\text{Cf}$  source
- $\sim 4$  neutrons per fission
- 192 locations
- $\sim 5$  days of livetime



# Calibration Results

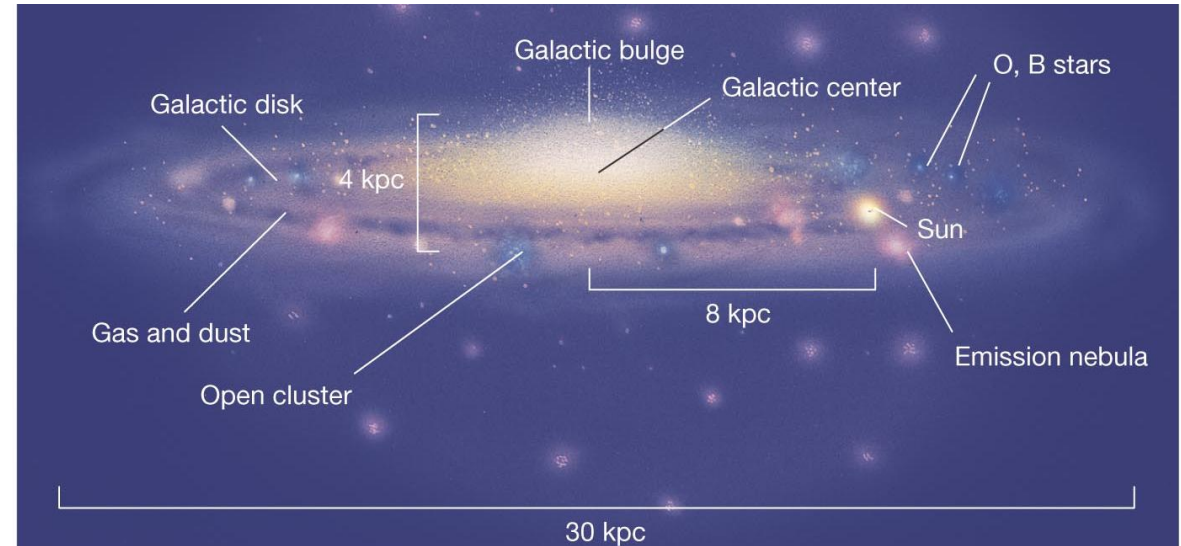
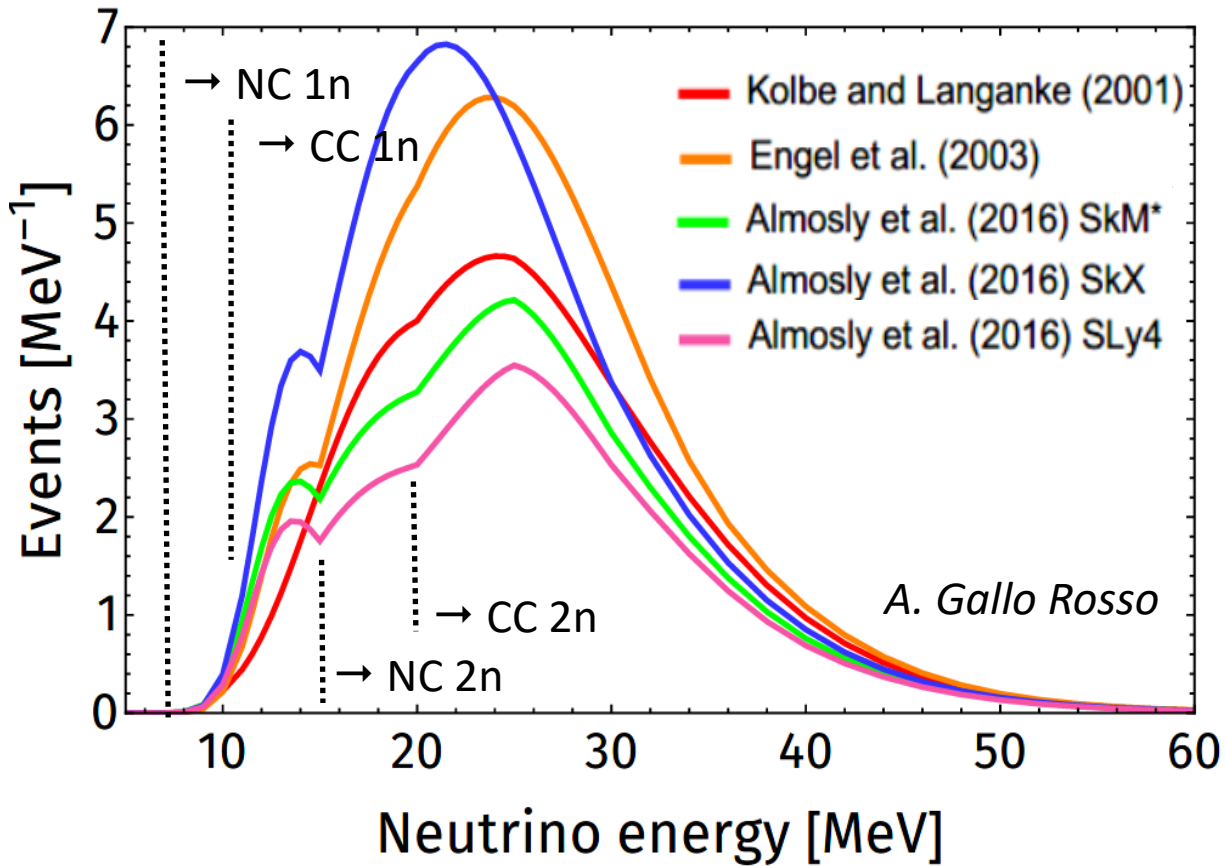


Efficiency at Centre Depth



Average efficiency of 28% for neutrino-induced neutrons.

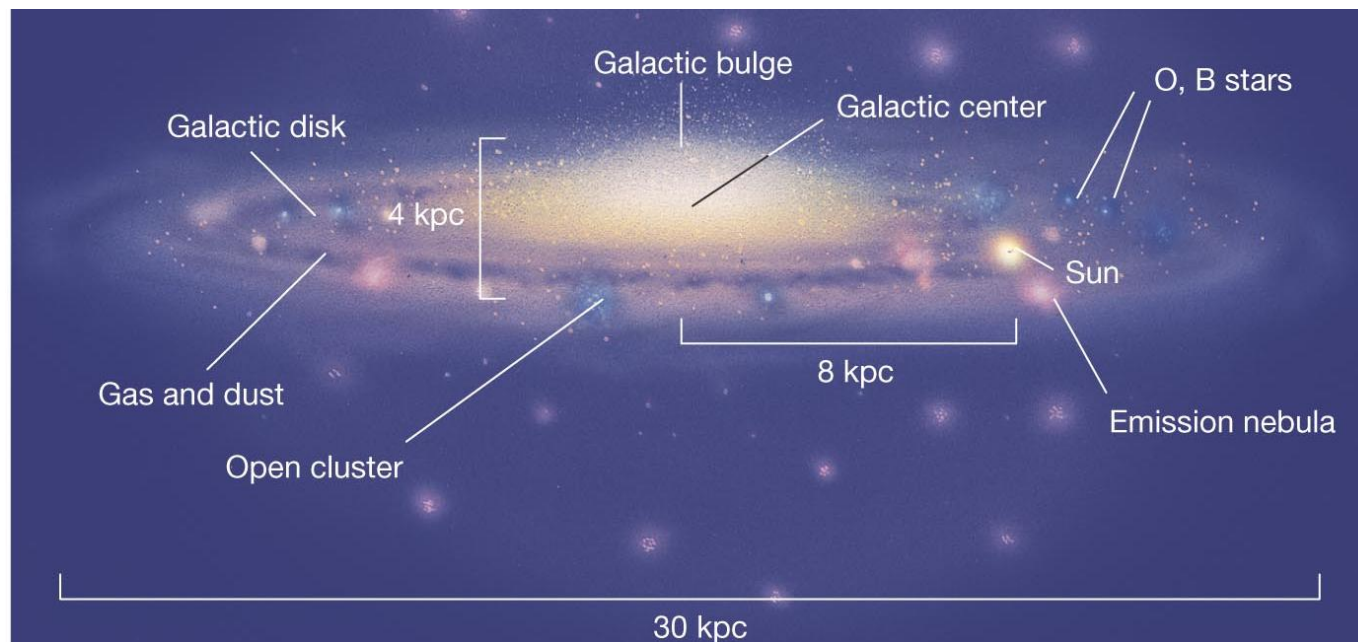
# Roughly 10 neutrons @ 10 kpc



Total HALO-1kT neutrons

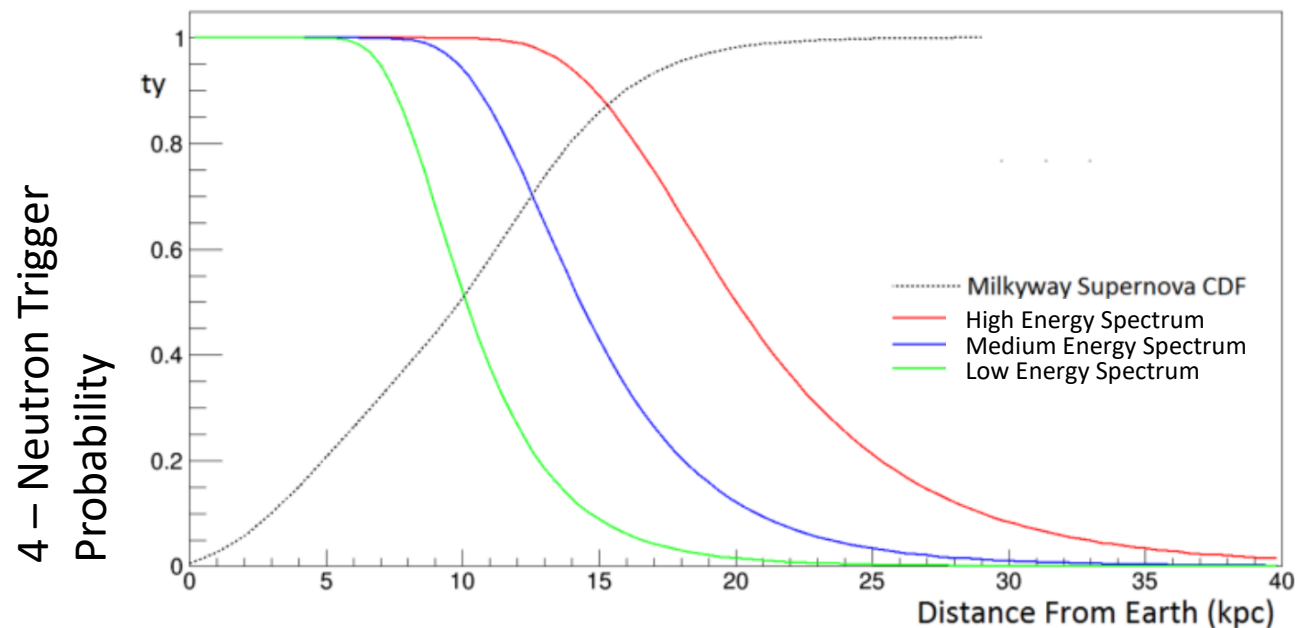
- 91
- 116
- 81
- 119
- 68

- LS220-z9.6co spectrum @ 10 kpc for HALO-1kT design
- HALO has ~10 x less target



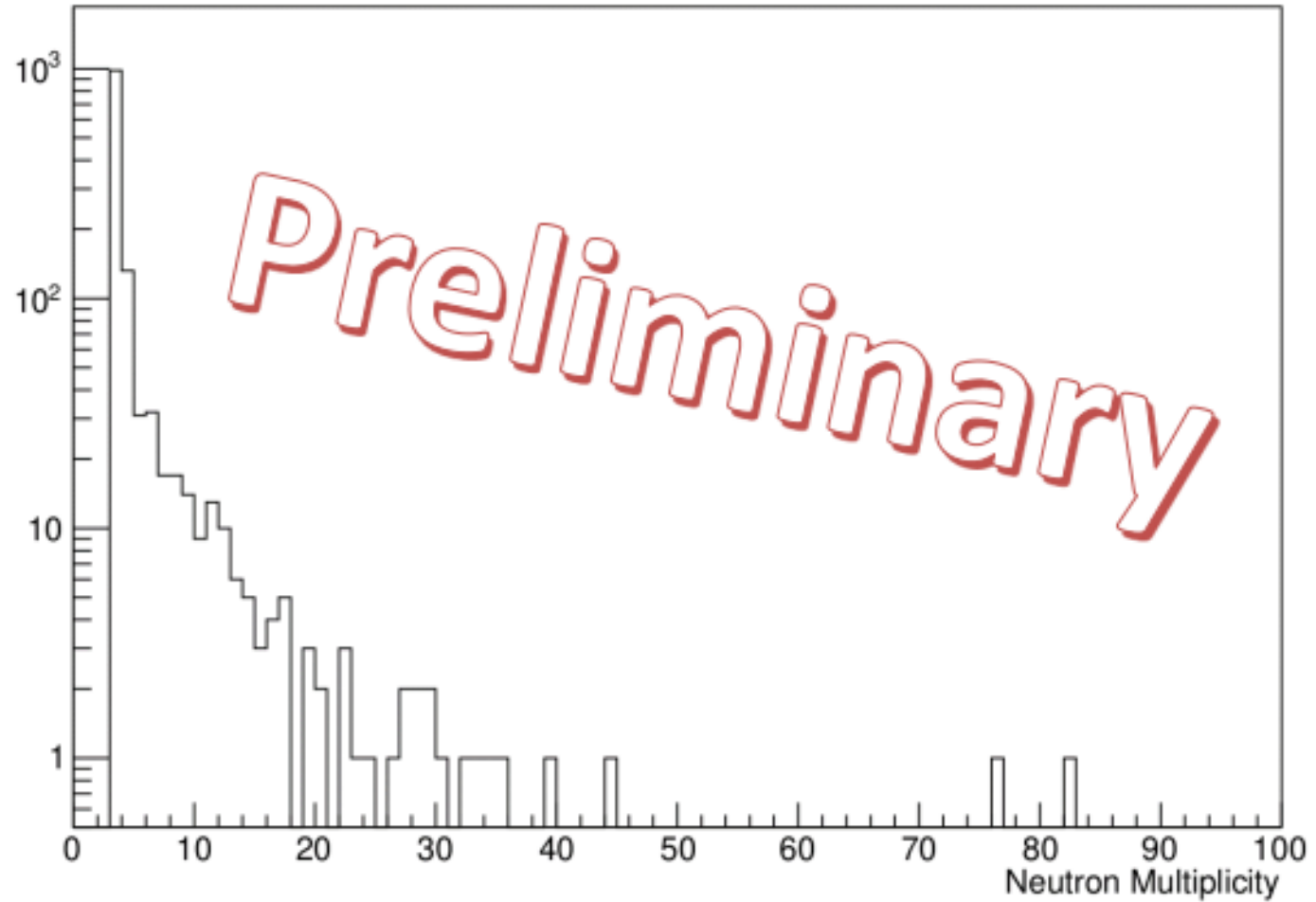
Coincidence Number	Rate
2	2 / hour
3	1 / day
4	1 / month

15 mHz background neutrons  
 2 second window  
 $\tau \gg 200 \text{ us}$  (non-spallation)



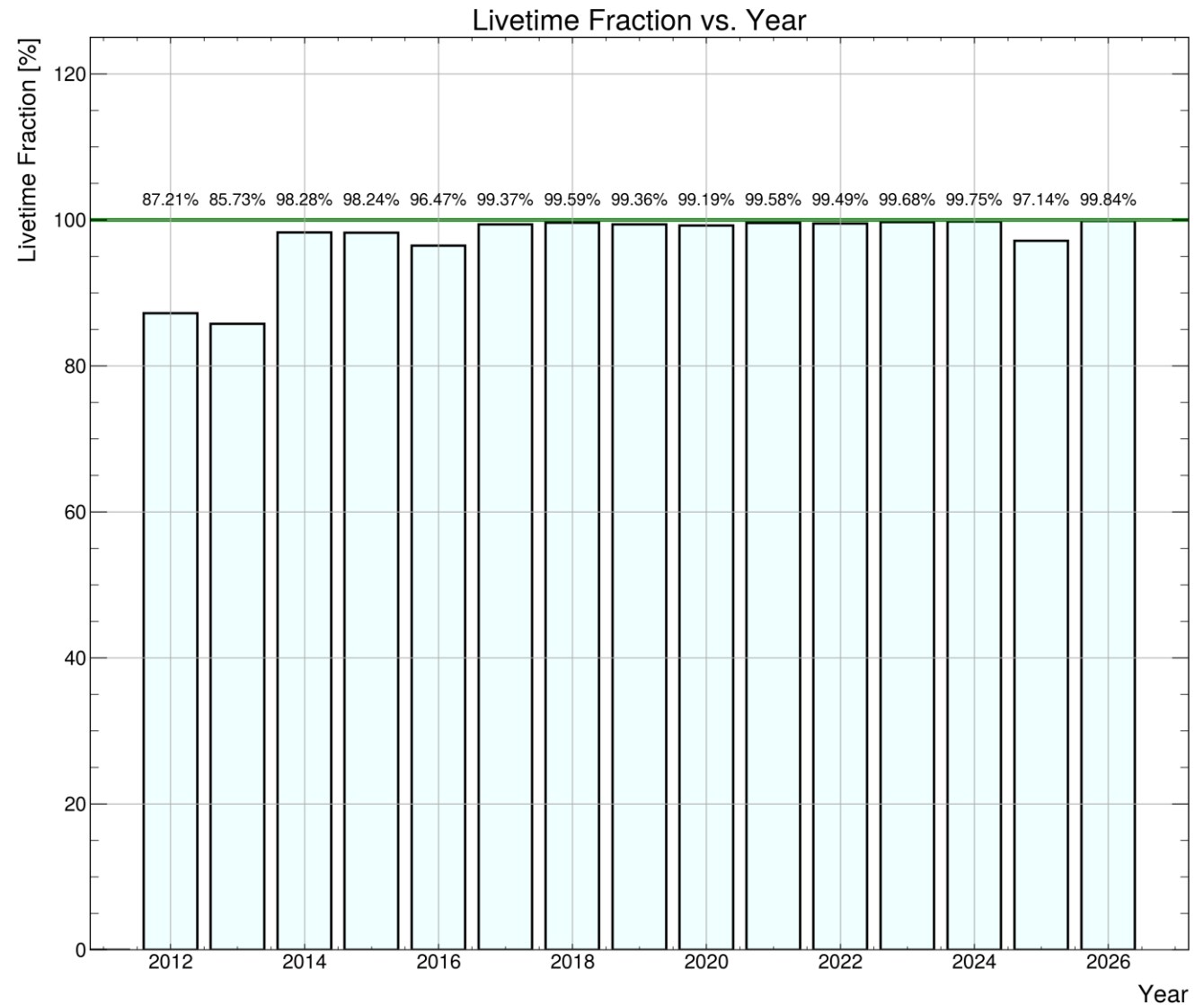
C. Bruulsema

# Spallation Neutron Multiplicity



# Detector Status

- Full detector being read-out since May 8<sup>th</sup> 2012.
- Daily shift-taking since July 27<sup>th</sup> 2012.
- Burst trigger implemented and connected to SNEWS since October 8, 2015
- Full calibration done with and without front shielding wall April 2016
- DAQ overhaul in 2020



Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Livetime (%)	87.2	85.7	98.3	98.2	96.5	99.4	99.6	99.4	99.2	99.6	99.5	99.7	99.8	97.1	99.8

# SuperNova Early Warning System



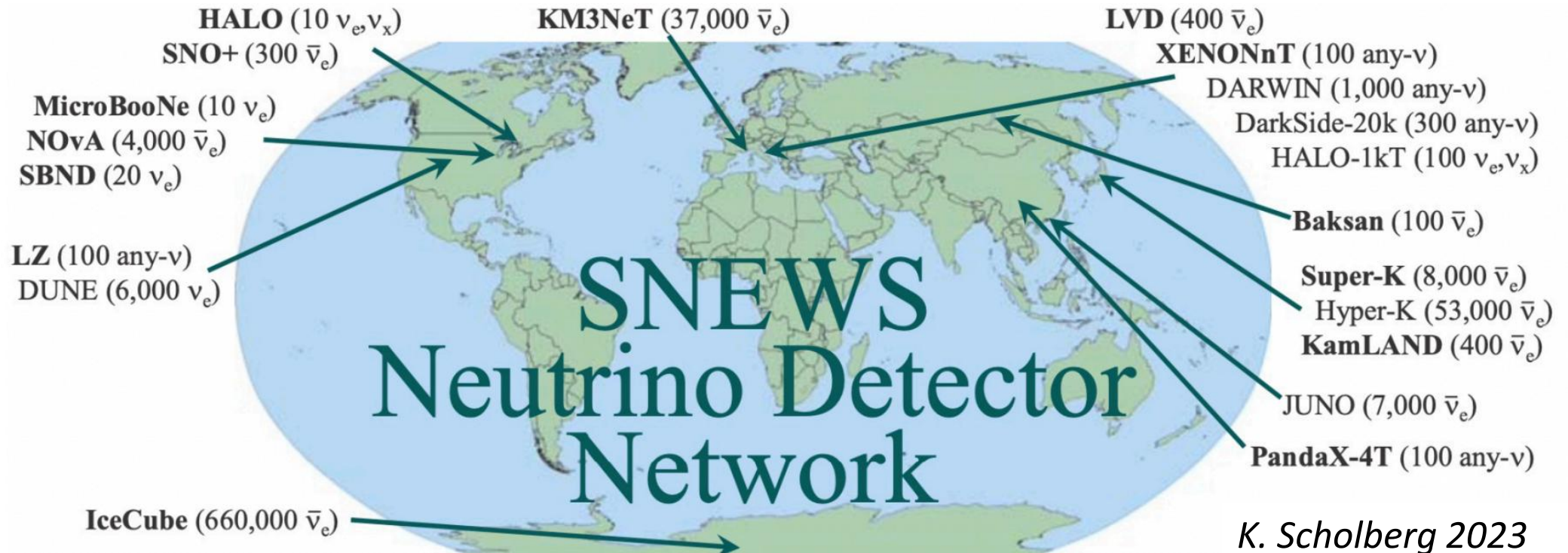
Server receives independent reports from many experiments

Issues Alerts if multiple experiments are in coincidence

SNEWS 1.0 in operation since July 1, 2005

SNEWS 2.0 in testing.

Whitepaper: <https://arxiv.org/abs/2011.00035>

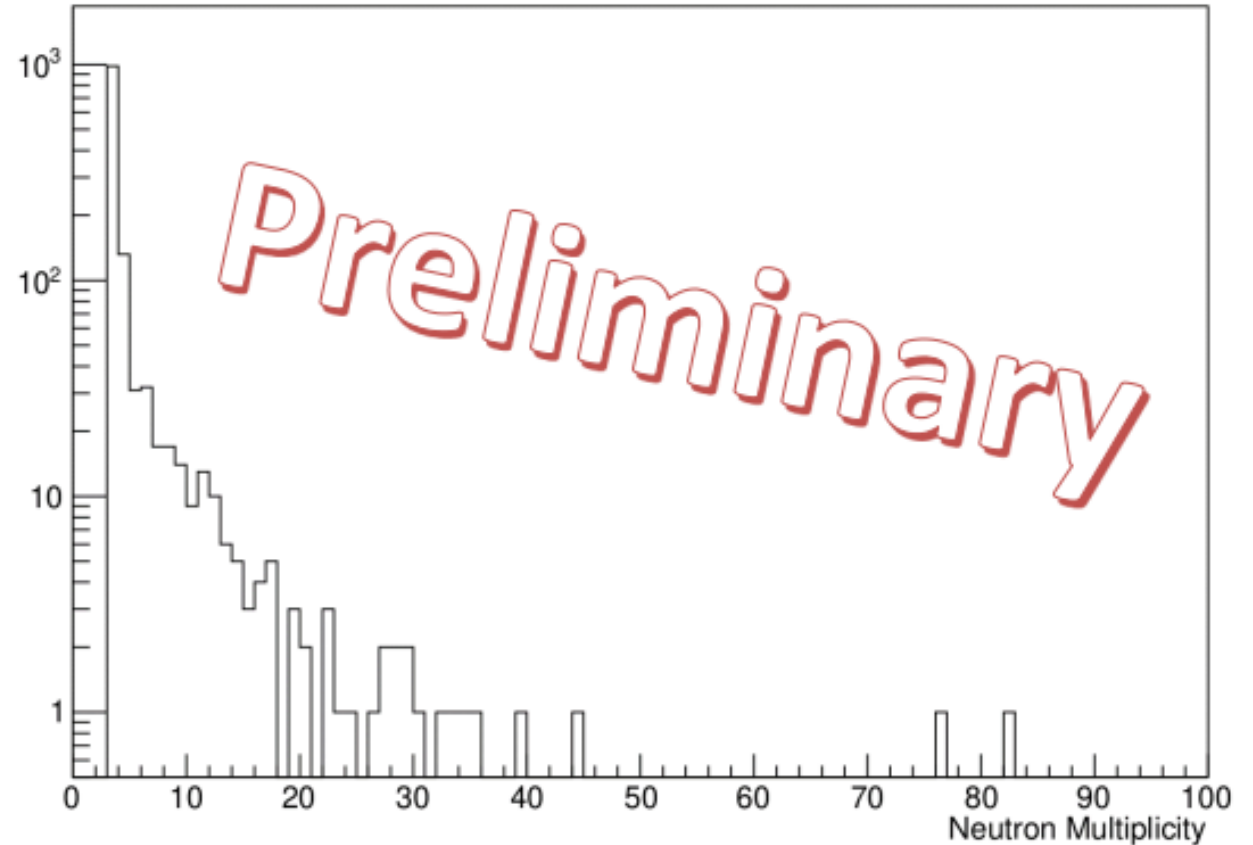


K. Scholberg 2023

# Muon Tagger



- Would like to correlate multi-neutron bursts with muons
- Roughly 3 muons per day through HALO
- 3 tonnes of thick plastic scintillator + PMTs from CNL Chalk River
- 40 m<sup>2</sup> of coverage
- HALO top = 15 m<sup>2</sup>
- HALO sides = 10 m<sup>2</sup> each
- Goal of installation in 2027



# HALO Status

- Commissioned in May 2012
- Connected to SNEWS in October 2015
- Calibration Run Spring and Summer 2016
- 1<sup>st</sup> Maintenance Campaign Completed 2021
- > 98% average live fraction for 12 years
- No supernova neutrino bursts detected yet...



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